The FAITHFUL MINISTER Encouraged.

# SERMON,

Preached at the Opening of the STNOD of of New-York, met at Philadelphia, October 1. 1755.

By JAMES DAVENPORT, A. M. late Minister of the Gospel at Southwold, on Long-Island, now at Hopewell, in New-Jersey.

Fublished at the Request of some of the Hearers.

Col. iv. 17. And fay to Archippus, Take heed to the Ministry subich thou hast received in the Lord, that thou fulfil it.

I TIM. iv. 16. Take heed unto thy Self, and unto thy Doctrine : Continue in them : For in doing this, thou shalt both fave thy Self, and them that hear thee.

I PET. v. 4. And when the Chief Shepherd shall appear, ye Shall receive a Crown of Glory, that fadeth not away.

# PHILADELPHIA:

Printed by James Chattin, at the Newest-Printing-Office, on the South Side of the Jerfey Market. 1756. 

# PREFACE.

#### Candid READER,

THE following Sermon needs no Commendation. The I Truth, Weight and Seafonablenefs of its Matter, the Sobriety of its Stile, the Modely of its Address, together with the Spirit of Piety, of Humility, of undifguifed Zeal for God, and affectionate Love to Man, which breathes in every Part, and animates the Whole, will commend it to the Consciences of all that fear God, who have the Pleasure of perusing it. Here are no high founding Words of Vanity, or little Artifices to exalt himfelf, and catch a vulgar Applause; but an honest, serious Endeavour to bonor Gcd, and do good to Mankind.----Let not the pious Author be offended with our Freedom, in faying, that his Life adds Weight to this Discourse; for the Latter is but a Copy of the Former: Nor should it be forgotten, that the gracious God, who delights to honor the Humble and Sincere in Heart, gave manifest Tokens of his special Presence, when this Discourse was delivered : Not only the Speaker, but divers of the Hearers, both Ministers and People, being solemnly affected and tenderly touched with the precious Truths therein contained. May God, of his infinite Mercy, keep thefe Things in the Imagination of the Thoughts of our Hearts, and enable us to act accordingly : May A 2

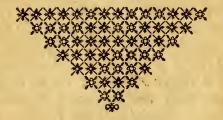
May we, especially who are of the Sacred Order, obtain Mercy to be faithful, as well as prudent and humble unto Death.

(iv)

There is nothing of greater Confequence to the Weal of the Churches, than taking due Care respecting the Admission of Candidates into the Ministry. If we are lax in this, and easily introduce Persons who have no positive Evidences of vital Godliness; Error will come in as a Flood, and inundate the Churches; experimental Piety gradually languish, and at last totally expire: To prevent which awful Events, may Almighty GOD bless the following Discourse. We add no more, but remain thy Servants for CHRIST's Sake.

Philadelphia, Nov.

GILBERT TENNENT, RICHARD TREAT.



The

The FAITHFUL MINISTER Encouraged :

A

# SERMON, &c.

2 CORINTH. iv. 1. Therefore feeing we have this Ministry, as we have received Mercy, we faint not.

H E Dispensation of the Gospel of Jesus Christ, Men, Brethren and Fathers, in several important respects, far excels in Glory the Mosaic Dispensation. This the Apostle had observed and clearly proved in the preceding Chapter, and from thence draws the just Conclusion in our Text, Therefore seeing we have this Ministry, as we have received Mercy, we faint not.

Here we may observe several Things.

1. We have the Gospel Ministry refer'd to, call'd, This Ministry.

2. Here are some engag'd in this Work : WE HAVE this Ministry. They are put in Trust with the Gospel (a).

3. This is to be acknowledged as a Mercy from God : As we have RECEIVED MERCY, Some Expositors chuse to join this Sentence with the last Clause, thus; as we have received Mercy, we faint not.

Thefe

a 1 Thef. ii. 4.

6

Thefe underftood the Mercy here intended, to be, that of Ministers being kept from fainting under their Trials.

Others join the two first Sentences in our Text together thus, Therefore feeing we have this Ministry, as we have received Mercy. They conceive the Mercy here spoken of is that of being call'd and employ'd in the facred Work. Beza's Jndgment in particular is mentioned in the Continuation of Poole's Annotations, in these Words ; " The Tradu-" cers of this great Apoftle took Advantage from his great " Trials and Afflictions, by reafon of them, to conclude " him no fuch Man, as he was by fome reprefented; and " the Apostle upon that takes Advantage to magnify his Office. " God (faith he) having intrusted us with so glorious a Mini-" ftration, as I have proved that of the Gofpel to be, according " to the Measure and Proportion of Gifts and Graces, " which God hath bestowed upon us, or by reason of " that infinite Grace and Mercy, which God hath " fhewed us, in calling us to fo honorable a Station and Of-" fice, though we meet with many Adverfaries, many Af-" flictions, many Difficulties, yet we bear up, and fink not " under them, nor faint in our Spirits because of them."

Thus far he. In this Senfe I propose to confider the Words of our Text.

4. We may observe, that great Difficulties must be expected in the Work of the Gospel Ministry, or there would be no Danger of Fainting.

Again, that we ought not to faint under these Difficulties and Trials, but should be able to fay, through Grace, with the Apostle, we faint not.

And further, that an excellent Argument against Fainting in this Work, may be drawn from the Gospel Ministry itfelf, and the feveral Motives, that relate to it. Therefore feeing we have this Ministry, we faint not. Laftly,

7

Lastly, That faithful Ministers are kept from Fainting, by these precious Truths and Motives set home with divine Power on their Souls; hence they can say with the Apostle, We faint not; otherwise we should furely faint.

I might comprize these important Observations in a general One, and lay it down as the Foundation of the present Discourse; but as that would open too large a Field for this Opportunity, I shall confine myself to the Consideration and Improvement of these two Things, viz. The Mercy of being call'd to the Work of the Gospel Ministry, and some of the Reasons and Arguments which are adapted to guard against extreme Discouragements, and to excite to active and perfevering Diligence and Faithfulness in the Work.

And here I would humbly and earneftly intreat my reverend *Fathers* and *Brethren* (with others of *God's People* prefent) to lift up your Hearts with Faith and Fervency to the God of all Grace and Fulnefs in Jefus Chrift, that I may be enabled fo to *fpeak* on thefe Heads, and you fo to hear, as that our Souls may be much quickened and animated in our Work, in order to the faving Good of many Souls, and the Advancement of the Divine Glory in the World.

I am, according to the Method propos'd,

1. To confider it as a Mercy to faithful Minifters of the Gofpel, that they have this Miniftry, that they are call'd to this Work. We have this Miniftry, as we have received Mercy, faith our Text. God in his Mercy is fet forth by an excellent Divine, as God willing to fuccour finful Men in their Mifery. And how is this remarkably manifefted to, and experienced by fuch of the finful miferable Sons of Men, as are prepared for, and improved in the minifterial Work. Thus the Apoftle Paul, with respect to the glorious Gospel of the bleffed God, which was committed to his Truft, fays, I tbank Jesus Christ our Lord, who hath enabled me, for that he counted me faithful, putting me into the Ministry (b). b 1 Tim. i. 11, 12. Indeed,

Indeed, when Men rufh into the Ministry, without the Qualifications which the Word of God requires; they act a most foolish Part, and a Part most dangerous and pernicious, both to themselves and others: But when they are endow'd with those Qualifications, and withal set apart to the facred Work by Fasting and Prayer, and the laying on of the Hands of the Presbytery (c) they may well be drawn out in Thankfulness to God and Christ, on the Account, and fay, This is a Mercy, a great Mercy, confer'd on us unworthy, vile and finful Dust, that unto us is committed the Ministry of Reconciliation (d).

This the Ambassadors of Christ justly esteem a Mercy, as it respects themselves, as it respects others, and as they may thus in an eminent Degree promote the Divine Glory in the World.

1. As it respects themselves.

What a Mercy is it to be call'd to a Work, which is calculated to promote their Increase of Grace as well as Gifts ? And what a Comfort must it be to the faithful Ministers of the Gospel, to confider, that their general and particular Callings do happily coincide and fubferve each other ? Their general Calling, the Care of their own Souls, their particular Calling, the Care of others Souls. The more closely they walk with God themfelves, fo much the more faithful and engag'd they are in their Work, and the more likely to be fuccessful; and on the other Hand, the more faithful they are in their Work, through Grace, fo much the more they grow in Grace, and in the Knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ (e). So much the more their Souls prosper and are in Health (f) and ordinarily the more they enjoy the Confolations of the Divine Spirit, which are not small, the more their Light fhines before others, and they adorn their Pro-

c Acts xiv. 23. 1 Tim. iv. 14. d 2 Cor. v. 18, 19. e 2 Pet. iii. 18. f Epist. of John v. 2.

9

Profession, and the more they are attemper'd to the heavenly State, and prepared for eternal Glory.

'Tis true they are from feveral Quarters befet at times with Temptations, perhaps more fo than others; as Officers in an Army are more aim'd and pointed at by the Enemy than private Soldiers ; but these Temptations their great Lord and Leader wifely permits, to prove them, and bring them to know more of themselves, that they may take root downwards, in order to bear Fruit upwards; he shews them thus their own Infufficiency, and leads them to depend upon his All-fufficiency in the New Covenant, and hereupon they find him a very prefent Help in Trouble (g): They are thus humbled and purified, and made more meet for their Master's Service, more watchful and circumspect, more patient and refign'd under Trials and Sufferings, and more diligent in their Work, and probably more fuccessful too; and this is a great Mercy,

Again, the Ministers of Jesus Christ, are to give themselves to reading, to Meditation and Prayer; and how may they thus, through the divine Bleffing, grow apace, both in doc-trinal and experimental Knowledge, yea, I may add, in e-very Chriftian Grace and Virtue? And is not this a great Mercy ?

It is a further Comfort and a Mercy too, that we, who have this Ministry, may be preaching to ourfelves, as well as praying over the Sermons we prepare for, and preach to others ; yea, we may fee more clearly the beautiful Harmony and Connection of divine Truths, as well as feel more of the happy Effects of them; while we are attending on the Exposition of facred Scripture, and when catechifing our People, or making Preparations therefor.

In the Administration of divine Ordinances, especially the Sacraments of the New Testament, how may we reap much Profit and Pleafure ourfelves, through Grace, see more of the

g Pfal. xlvi. 1.

the Faithfulnefs, Grace, Holinefs, and other Perfections of our God and Saviour; and grow more holy, comfortable and fruitful.

In our *Pastoral Visits* we may often, through Divine Affistance, caution and comfort, direct and edify others and ourfelves at the fame Time,

And in the Discipline of God's House, while we endeavour to reclaim others, we may be not a little guarded and benefited ourselves : We may be led to see much of the Aggravations and Evil of Sin, the Snares that lie thick around, the constant Necessity of Watchfulness and Prayer, and of living by Faith on God in Christ; that we may as *Christians*, and as *Ministers*, bring forth much Fruit.

In a Word, every Part of the ministerial Work is in some respect or other adapted to promote our increasing Conformity to the Perfections and Will of God in our Hearts and Lives : Is it not then a Mercy, a great Mercy, that we have been call'd to this Work ? We have this Ministry, as we have received Mercy.

Though it is a difficult, yet it is also a delightful and useful, as well as honourable Work; and it is a *Mercy*, not only with respect to us, but also,

2. With respect to others.

It is truly adapted, both in the public and private Parts of it, as a Means to promote the beft, the everlafting Interefts of all our Hearers; but Men are hardened by Sin and Unbelief, and blinded by Satan and the World: They hate the Light, and will not come to the Light, left their Deeds floudd be reproved (b). And nothing flort of the Almighty Energy of the Holy Ghoft, will make the Word effectual to faving Púrpofes; well may the Regenerate then be faid to be born of the Spirit (i). By Grace we are faved, through Faith, and

h John iii. 20. i John iii. 5, 8.

and that not of curfelves, it is the Gift of God : Not of Works, left any Man should boast (k). But as the Spirit makes Use of the Word, so we are faid to be born again by the Word of God, and begotten through the Gospel (1). And Faith is faid to come by Hearing, and Hearing by the Word of God; for how shall they believe in him of whom they have not heard? and how shall they believe in him of whom they have not heard? and bow shall they bear without a Preacher? and how shall they preach, except they be sent (m)? The Aposs not assumed of the Gospel of Christ, for, says he, it is the Power of God unto Salvation to every one that believeth  $\ddagger$ ; and to these we are the Savour of Life unto Life, through rich Grace, although to others the Savour of Death unto Death (n).

We are call'd in the ministerial Work, as Inftruments to inftruct the Ignorant, to convince the Erroneous, to reclaim the Vicious, to awaken the Secure, to rouze the Slothful, to fap the Foundation of Hypocrites, and to frew the Selfrighteous their extream and destructive Folly; and though this is truly hard Work, yet it must be done in God's Strength, and when done and bleft, very useful.

It is further useful and pleasant withal, to *direct* enquiring Souls to Christ, to *win* them over to him, through his allpowerful Grace, that they may receive him in his most glorious Person and precious Benefits, as he is offer'd in the Gospel: And what a *Mercy* is this both to us and them.

Again, we are call'd as Inftruments, to build up the Saints in Faith, and Holinefs, and Comfort. We are to comfort them in their Trials from within and without, with the B 2 fame

 Very just then is the Conclusion drawn by the pous and ingenious Watts, Should all the Forms that Men devise, Affault my Faith with treach rous Art, I'd call them Vanity and Lies, And bind the Gospel to my Heart.

k Eph. ii. 8, 9. l 1 Pet. i. 23. 1 Cor. iv. 15. m Rom. x. 17, 14, 15. n Rom. i. 16. 2 Cor. ii. 16.

*fame Confolations, wherewith we ourfelves are comforted of God.* And is it not a Favour to be made thus ufeful to God's People? We were call'd in our Work to carry the Lambs in our Bofom, and gently to lead those that are with Young, after the Example and under the Influence of the great, the chief Shepherd (p). We are to give Milk to Babes, as well as firong Meat to the more grown (q) to firengthen the Weak, to fix the Wavering, to guide the Doubting, to quicken the Backward, to fuccour the Tempted, to direct Believers to be firong, not in the Grace they have received, but in the Grace which is in Christ Jefus; and to be engaged, through Grace, in improving the Comforts they enjoy, as Encouragements and Means to an higher End, even Holinefs and the Divine Glory. Thus our Work, the ministerial Work is adapted, and thus it is bleft to the Benefit of many Souls: We may juftly fay then, We have this Ministry, as we have received Mercy: Efpecially fince,

3. We may, with Divine Affiftance, by and in this Work, in an *eminent* Degree promote the *Divine Glory* in the World.

How is the Glory of God and Chrift and true *Religion* manifefted by our Increase in Gifts and Grace, in Holiness and Usefulness Thence it appears in some Measure what a Master we ferve, what a God we worship, what a Saviour we preach and offer, what a *Religion* we profess and recommend.

My Brethren, certainly God is the greatest and best of Beings; furely then, the setting him forth to be, or manifesting him as such, is the greatest and highest End that can be: This is his Glory, this End is worthy of a God, and this is the highest End of all his Friends, Children and Servants:-This End, the Work of the Ministry, is wonderfully fuited and blest to promote: What a Mercy is it then to any of us vile, apostate and perishing Sons of Men, to be brought p Ifa. xl. 2. q 1 Cor. iii. 1, 2.

12

home to Chrift, and call'd to this facred Work. We have this Miniftry, as we have received Mercy.

I would here make two *Remarks* on this Head, before we pais to the next.

. We may plainly fee, that we who are in the Ministry, have no reason to think highly of ourselves, no reason to be proud and Vain-glorious. We should indeed take Care to magnify our Office, and in no Instances or respects to underact the facred Character ; but at the fame Time, the Language of each of our Souls, must be that of Job, Behold I am vile (r)<sup>±</sup>. The Temper of our Minds, and the Tenor of our Lives, fhould be humble and holy. How fhould we be clothed with Humility, as it were from Head to Foot, who are Ministers of the meek and lowly Jesus : How should we watch and pray against Pride, hate and shun this vile Monster and this dangerous Snare, this awful Condemnation of the Devil. Let us often think, for our Humiliation, What have we, that is in any Measure good and valuable, that we have not received? And again, what have we that we have not misimproved ? And as to the Gospel Ministry, it will be a fpecial Guard against Pride, to realize, through Grace, how we came by it, namely, by meer undeferved Mercy, and shall we be proud of Mercy ? We have this Minifery only as we have received Mercy. Where is Boafting then ? It is excluded.

#### 2. Hence

# " It is a divine as well as wife and juft Remark made by one of 'he greateft " Mafters of Thought in the laft Age, that Perfons of Quality and Character " ought to have two Setts of Thoughts by which to regulate their Conduct : By " the one they are to view themfelves in their State of altinguifning Elecation, which " is not from Nature, but arbitrary Iflablifument ; by the other they are to take a " Prospect of themfelves in their natural Condition of Infirmity and Equality, " with the reft of Mankind." (And I may here add, of Sin and Mifery.) Pemberton's Election Sermon, p. 1.

r Job xl. 4.

2. Hence we may observe Ground of peculiar Encouragement in the Work of the Ministry amidst all the Difficulties that attend it. We have this Ministry, as we have received Mercy; and is it a Mercy we have it, and shall we be difcouraged with it? Shall we be discouraged with Mercy? Therefore let us not faint.

With this Thought we come by an eafy Transition, to the 2. General Head, under which I am to confider and fet before you fome of the many Reafons and Arguments inducing to Faithfulnefs in the Ministerial Work : And here,

1. The Command in God's Word should powerfully and constantly engage to be faithful and not faint in this great Work. This Command we have in these Words (1) Go ye and teach all Nations, baptizing them in the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost : Teaching them to observe all Things what foever I have commanded you. And in another Place, Take heed to yourfelves, and to all the Flock, over which the Holy Ghost hath made You Overseers, to feed the Church of God, which he hath purchased with his own Blood. And again, I charge thee before God, and the Lord Jefus Christ, who shall judge the Quick and the Dead at his Appearing, and his Kingdom : Preach the Word, be instant in Season, and out of Season; reprove, rebuke, exhort with all Long-fuffering and Doctrine. Watch thou in all Things, endure Afflictions, do the Work of an Evangelist, make full Proof of thy Ministry. With many other Paffages to the fame Purpofe. Surely, my Bretbren, the Mind and Will of the Lord, infinitely glorious in himfelf, and withal our Maker, Preferver, and Governor, Benefactor and Redeemer, thus revealed in his Word, should engage us, through Grace, to chearful, constant and faithful Obedience. Therefore feeing we have this Ministry, as we bave received Mercy, let us not faint.

2. The

f Mat. xxviii. 19, 20. Acts xx. 28. 2 Tim. iv. 1, 2, 5,

14

2. The Example of Christ flould animate us in the ministerial Work.

Here we have a perfect Pattern to copy after. The bleffed Jefus difcover'd from Time to Time the most ardent Love to God and Man in his more public and private Tranfactions and Ministrations, and fought not his own Glory, but the Glory of him that fent him; fo should we, through his Grace.

How zealous and couragious was he, and yet how prudent and difcreet ? How plain and pungent, and yet how compafiionate, how regardlefs of the Flatteries or Frowns of the World ? how meek and lowly of Heart ? how faithful in the Difcharge of perfonal and relative Duties ? how holy and pure ? how refigned to his Heavenly Father's Difpofal ?how frequent and fervent in Prayer, and how laborious in his beloved Work ? (t) I must work, fays he, the Works of bim that fent me, while it is Day. And again, My Meat is to do the Will of him that fent me, and to finifh bis Work.

How willing was he to do and fuffer what he was call'd to, even to the Death ? Oh Sirs ! Let the fame mind be in us, that was in him : Wherefore, holy Brethren, Partakers of the heavenly Calling, let us confider the Apostle and High Priest of our Profession, Christ Jesus ; who was faithful to him that appointed him, as also Moses was faithful in all his House (u). Let us not then be weary or faint in our minds, or flag in the more difficult Part, or latter Stages of our road ; but may we fay, and speak it with Truth, Seeing we have this Miniftry, as we have received Mercy [of the Lord] we faint not.

ftry, as we have received Mercy [of the Lord] we faint not. 3. The Example of Chrift's faithful Servants in the Miniftry fhould animate us in the Work. 'Tis true, my Brethren, the best of Chrift's Ministers are imperfect in the prefent State, and therefore not to be propos'd as perfect Patterns

t John xi. 4. John iv. 34. u Heb. iii. 1, 2.

terns for Imitation; but we are to be Followers of them, even as they are of Christ (w); fo far as they are fo, and no farther. How encouraging is it to observe them, while attended with a Body of Sin and Death, and affaulted by Temptations from the World and the Devil, as we are; yet, through Grace, approving themselves fincere, and in a good Degree engag'd in their Work.

What a lovely Example is fet before us in our Text, and the following Verse ; Therefore seeing we have this Ministry, as we have received Mercy, we faint not : But have renounced the hidden Things of Dishonesty, not walking in Craftiness, nor handling the Word of God deceitfully, but by manifestation of the Truth, commending ourfelves to every man's Conficience in. the Sight of God. And again, in the fame Epiftle, We do all Things, dearly Beloved, for your Edifying (x). Our Exhort-ation, faith this great Apostle of the Gentiles, in another Epiftle (y) was not of Deceit, nor of Uncleanness, nor in Guile, but as we were allowed of God to be put in Trust with the Gospel, even so we speak, not as pleasing Men, but God, which trieth our Hearts. For neither at any Time used we flattering Words, as ye know, nor a Cloke of Covetousness; God is Witness. Nor of men fought we Glory, neither of you, nor yet of others: Being affectionately defirous of You, we were willing to have imparted unto You, not the Gospel of God only, but also our own Souls, because Ye were dear unto us. Ye are Witness, and God alfo, how bolily, and justly, and unblameably we behaved ourfelves among You that believe : And elfewhere (z). I take You to record this Day, that I am pure from the Blood of all men; for I have not shunned to declare unto You, the whole Counfel of God. Ye know how I kept back nothing that was profitable unto You, but have shewed You, and have taught You publickly

w 1 Cor. xi. 1. x 2 Cor. xii. 19. y 1 Thef. ii. 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10. z Acts xx. 26, 27, 18, 20, 31, 24.

lickly and from Houfe to Houfe. Remember that by the Space of Three Years, I ceafed not to warn every one Night and Day with Tears. Again speaking of Bonds and Afflictions abiding him, he fays, But none of these Things move me, neither count I my Life dear unto myself, jo that I might finish my Course with Joy, and the Ministry which I have received of the Lord Jesus, to testify the Gospel of the Grace of God.

Oh! how willing have the faithful Servants of the dear *Redeemer* been in the primitive Times, and fince, to keep under their Bodies (a) to live near to God, to fpend and be fpent in the Service of Chrift and of Souls; and even when call'd to it, to feal the Truth with their Blood.

We have great reason, my Brethren, to blefs God, that a confiderable Number of the Ministers of the Gospel, in Great-Britain and America have, in our Day, been much engag'd in the Cause of God; among these may be reckon'd godly Mr. Whitefield, whose indefatigable and fuccessful Labours, for almost twenty Years together, should be improv'd for the Encouragement and Quickening of all truly engag'd in the facred Work; whose Name is justly very dear to us: May God Almighty always keep him, with other his Servants, humble; blefs them, and make them Bless, and that more and more abundantly, to the Praise of his Glory in Christ Jesus.

While we are musing on these Things, let the Fire of Divine Love and Zeal be enkindled in our Breasts, and burn vigorously, that we may be sweetly constrained to fay, Therefore seeing we have this Ministry, as we have received Mercy, we faint not, and, through Grace, we will not faint.

C

4. The

a I Cor. ix. 27.

4. The Example of the boly Angels, fhould quicken us in our Work. They are Meffengers of the Lord, as their Name imports; in feveral respects their Work and ours refemble each other; no Wonder then, that Ministers of the Gospel are called Angels (b). It may further be intended by this Appellation, that we should be excited, as far as the Imperfections of the present State admit, to an Imitation of the holy Angels, who are taid (c) always to behold the Face of our Father which is in Heaven, and fly with winged Zeal to execute his Commands, encamp round about those that fear the Lord, for their Comfort and Deliverance, and rejoice at the Conversion of Sinners,  $\mathcal{E}c$ .

Are the Angels heavenly-minded, zealous and faithful in their Work, let us be fo in ours, through Grace; Therefore, feeing we have this Ministry, as we have received Mercy, let us not faint.

5. The Industry and Malice, Subtilty and Success of the Devil in his Attempts to ruin Mens Souls, should engage us the more in faithful Endeavours, that they may be rescued and faved; or in other Words, should quicken us to Diligence in our Work.

We are not ignorant of Satan's Devices (d): Let us then be concerned, that we, and others, effectially those under our immediate Care, may be guarded against them.

our immediate Care, may be guarded against them. The Drift of the Spirit of God, in order to the recovery of poor captive Sculs out of the Snare of the Devil, is to counter-act, and to guard against his Devices (e). The Ministers of the Gospel, as Workers' together with God (f) are

b Rev. i. 20. c Mat. xviii. 10. Dan. ix. 9, 21. Pf. c. iii. 20, 21. Pfal. xxxiv. 7. Luke xv. 10. d 2 Cor. ii. 11. e 2 Cor. iv. 3, 4. comp. with AEts xxvi. 17, 18. f 2 Cor. vi. 1. Eucouraged, Gc.

are engag'd as Inftruments to guard against the fame Devices, and are especially concern'd that Souls may not receive the Gospel of the Grace of God in vain (g). Our Adversary the Devil, as the Apostle Peter observes, as a roaring Lion, walketh about, seeking whom he may devour.

Is the Devil, the Enemy of all Good, an Adverfary to Souls? Shall not we Ministers of the Gospel be *Friends* to them?

Is he, with his Inftruments, fet with Boldnefs, like Lions, againft Souls ? Sha'n't we be couragious as Lions in going through all Difficulties to promote their faving Good ? Does he roar with Malice and Wrath againft Souls ? Sha'n't we cry with Fervency to God for them, and cry aloud to them with Bowels of Pity and Compaffion, and befeech them to be reconciled to God ? Does the Devil walk about, feeking whom he may devour, and that with awful Succefs, and fhall we flick at any Pains, Night or Day, in public or private, at home or abroad, in the Bufinefs of our Calling as Minifters, which is to feek whom we may as Inftruments fave from the Jaws of this devouring Lion, and guide to the regions of Glory ? If we, Bretbren, fhould faint, the Devil will not; Therefore feeing we have this Miniftry, as we have received Mercy, let us not faint.

6. The Worth of Souls should engage Ministers of the Gospel to Faithfulness in their Work. The great Worth of Souls makes the Devil so eager to destroy them.

This makes the holy Angels engag'd for their Good; this caufes *foy in Heaven on* their *Conversion*. Here are two Worlds at Strife; about what? about earthly Crowns and Scepters? no! thefe are Trifles. About what then? The C 2 Souls

g 2 Cor. vi. 1. 1 Pet. v. 8.

Souls of Men, whole Worth is exceeding great. What are all the Kingdoms of the World, and Glory of them, in Comparifon with the Soul ? If you put these in one Scale, and the Soul in the other, they come up light as Vanity itself.

Our Bleffed Saviour has determined this Point, both by his Words and Practice; by his Practice, when he pour'd Contempt on the World; but laid down his precious Life, and fhed his Heart's Blood, to redeem and fave perifhing Souls :-By his Words, which are thefe (b) What is a Man profited, if he fkall gain the whole World, and lofe his own Soul? Or what fkall a Man give in Exchange for his Soul?

Oh! Shall we not be engaged then, agreeable to the Defign of our Commission, and from a Sense of the Worth of Souls, in the most painful and faithful Endeavours, through divine affisting Grace, to open Mens Eyes, and to turn them from Darkness to Light, and from the Power of Satan unto God, that they may receive Forgiveness of Sins, and Inheritance among them that are fanctified by Faith which is in Christ. Therefore, beloved Brethren, seeing we have this Ministry, as we have received Mercy. let us not faint.

7. Mens Care and Pains about Things of lefs Worth, should engage and animate us in our Work+. How will Men rife up early, and fit up late (i) and eat the Bread of Sorrow and Care, in order to obtain earthly Enjoyments, which perish in the

A Soul immortal, fpending all her Fires,
Wafting her Strength in ftrenuous Idlenefs,
Thrown into Tumult rapur'd, or alarm'd,
At ought this Scene can threaten, or indulge,
Refembles Ocean into Tempeft wrought,
To waft a Feather, or to drown a Fly. Night Thoughts.

b Mutthew xvi. 26. i Pfalm cxxvii. 2.

20

the Ufing. What Pains will Men take, yea, what Hazards will they run, in purfuit of "glittering Gems, gaudy Honors, and fhining Duft," which after all are Vanity? How will Men be at vaft Expence and Labour, fome Way or other, to pleafe and pamper their Bodies, which yet muft foon moulder into their kindred Duft; and fhall not we be as much, nay more concern'd about their precious Souls, that muft furely live forever, either in a State of Happinefs, or Mifery? Therefore feeing we have this Minifery, as we have received Mercy, let us never faint.

Again, the Sufficiency of Divine Grace held forth to us in the precious Promises of God's Word, should comfort and animate us in our Work. Many and great are our Trials and Difficulties from without and within, and they often meet and join their Forces; we may well fay then, Who is Sufficient for these Things (k)? And we should furely fink, had we not a more than human Prop, at fuch a Time, a divine Support ; fuch as Paul had given him, when afflicted with a Thorn in the Flesh, the Mellenger of Satan to buffet him : When in this D ftrefs, he befought the Lord thrice, he had this Answer (1) My Grace is sufficient for thee, for my Strength is made perfect in Weakness. How is it with Paul now ? he is kept from fainting, he is refresh'd, he even rejoices and triumphs, and gives God the Glory; Most gladly therefore, fays he, will I rather glory in my Infirmities, that the Power of Christ may rest upon me. Again he tells us elfewhere,

† Beware what Earth calls Happinels; beware All Joys, but Jos that never can expire. Who builds on lefs than an *immortal* Bafe, Fond as he feems, condemns his Joys to Death.

Night Thoughts.

k 2 Cor. ii. 16. 1 2 Cor. xii. 9,

where (m) He can do all Things, through Chrift, which firengtheneth bim; fo may we too, living by Faith on the fame Mediator of the New Covenant, which is well ordered in all Things, and fure: Let us then truft in the Lord for ever; in the Lord Jehovah is everlasting Strength (n). But what need I enlarge? Have we not the express Promife of our Lord Jefus Chrift to his faithful Ministers (o) Lo, I am with you always, even unto the End of the World. Therefore, feeing we have this Ministry, and these Supports and Encouragements, as we have received Mercy, we faint not.

Furthermore, furrounding Dangers join'd to the laft Confideration, fhould engage us to Faithfulnefs in our Work. Indeed Dangers in themfelves tend to damp and difcourage, but when they meet with a Mind prepar'd for them, they ferve to quicken and animate. This is remarkable in Perfons of a martial Spirit; I may inftance in Alexander the Great, who in a Time of great and uncommon Peril, breaks out into this Expression, Hoc est periculum, par animo Alexandri ! " This is a Danger fit for the Spirit of an Alexander" " to encounter."

As the Devil would fain ruin Souls, fo he would fain keep Ministers of the Word from being faithful; and often *stands at their Right-hand to refift them* (p). The remains of Corruption within us, give great Strength to his Temptations; and the Difficulty and Danger is increas'd by the World; I mean by the Fears and the Hopes of the prefent State. Oh ! what Need have we to live near to God, that we may be well supplied and fortified against these Affaults; and likewife strength'ned and engaged through Grace, to *pluck* 

m Phil. iv. 13. n Ifa. xxvi. 4. o Mat. xxviii. 20. p Zech. iii. 1.

pluck Souls as Brands out of the Burning, and to use fkilfully and faithfully those Weapons of Doctrine and Discipline, which are not carnal, but mighty, through God, to the pulling down of strong Holds (q) the strong Holds of Sin, especially Licentiousses and Self-righteousses, and of Satan and the World, who are join'd in a most dismal and dangerous Confederacy.

Again, the Dangers that at prefent furround our Land and Nation, should deeply affect us, and engage us in encreasing Zeal, Labours and Faithfulness.

We are indeed bleft with very great Privileges both civil and facred, under the Smiles of indulgent Heaven, and the mild and juft Administration of the best of Kings, who may well be stiled a Father of his People; but the haughty, perfidious and cruel French, with their Confederates, are bent upon rending these Privileges if possible from us; upon destroying our Lives, or, which ought to be much dearer to us, our Liberty and our Religion.

An holy and righteous God, tho' he has favour'd us with fome *remarkable* Inftances of undeferved Goodnefs and Succefs in the *Eaft* and *North*; for which we ought furely to return him our most grateful Acknowledgments in Heart, Lip and Life; yet because of the many and grievous Sins of this Land and Nation has fuffer'd cur Enemies to gain fome Advantages against us, especially in our late *awful* Defeat to the *Westward*.

Thus we fee in fome Meafure what we are when left to ourfelves; but Wo will be indeed to us if God depart from us (r) and a Deluge of Popery, Tyranny and Slavery overwhelm us. Our Danger is evidently much encreafed by the aforefaid

Our Danger is evidently *much* encreafed by the aforefaid terrible Frown of Divine Providence; but what makes our Cafe

q 2 Cor. x. 4. r Hof. ix. 12.

Cafe most of all dark and difmal is this, viz. Our continuing in general flupid and unreform'd, unbelieving and impenitent under this late awful Judgment, added to the Drought, and to other Judgments fent before, as well as under the many and great Mercies and Privileges we have long enjoy'd, and long abus'd and misimprov'd, which the Lord in his Providence therefore loudly threatens to take from us, to withdraw his gracious Influence and Protection at once, and what would then be left behind, but Darknefs and Perplexity, Confusion and Horror, Defolation and Misery?

In this Day of Darknels and Gloominels, my Brethren, we fhould be deeply humbled and penitent ourfelves, and faithfully promote others being fo. In this Day of *imminent* Danger, let us not fail to found the Alarm with Faithfulnels and Compafilon, with Plainnels and Pungency. Let us cry aloud, and not fpare (f) let us fhew to our People, and the People of this Land and Nation, their Transgreffions and their Sins, Sins against God's Law and against his Grace, &c. and let us, through Grace, be more faithful than ever in our Labours, both in public and private for the good of dear precious Souls: And how should we Brethren withal, as Daniel- successfully did (t) fet our Face to the Lord God, to seek by Prayer and Supplication, with Fassing and Humiliation, and confessing our Sin, and the Sin of our People.

Thus let us stand in the Gap, as well as on the Watch Tower: For Zion's Sake we will not hold our Peace, and for 'ferufalem's Sake we will not rest, until the Righteousness thereof go forth as Brightness, and the Sakvation thereof as a Lamp that burneth (u). Therefore seeing we have this Ministry, as we have received Mercy, we faint not, and, thro' Grace, we will not faint. Several

f Ifa. lviii. i. t Dan. ix. 3, 20. u Ifa. lxii. 1.

Several other Arguments engaging to Faithfulness in the ministerial Work, might here be confidered, but as I would not be tedious, I purpose to mention them more briefly in a concluding Address, and pass now to the

# A, P, P L I C A, T I O N.

1. Hence we learn, what young Men should have a true and just Sense of, who are about to enter upon the Work of the Gospel Ministry; even of these important Arguments and Motives mentioned, and such like.

Surely they ought to fit down and count the Coft in the first Place :—It would be extream Folly to do otherwise, and if they do that well, they would by no Means venture on the Work, without a real and spiritual Sense of the Motives engaging to Faithfulness therein; for without that, they might justly expect to faint and fail under the Difficulties of the Work, which are such, as would be too hard for a *Gabriel*, unaffisted to grapple with. What Presumption, what Madness is it then, for any one to undertake this Work in his own Strength, which is *Weakness itself*, and will be as nothing, when set against the united Temptations of the *World*, the *Fless* and the *Devil*? How is the poor Soul made an easy Prey, being without God, and without his Grace and Strength souls he undertakes the Care of ?

How awful is it for a Perfon to promife before God, Angels and Men, to be faithful in a Work, which is properly fpiritual; and which at the fame Time he, being unconverted, hates, becaufe it is *fpiritual*, from the Bottom of his Heart; for the carnal Mind is Enmity against God (w) ‡; ‡. w Rom. viii. 7. D Is

+ What greater Solecism than a Man of God without true Godlines, a Christian

25

Is not he more likely to make the Hearts of God's People fad, than to feed Chrift's Sheep and Lambs, while he is void of any true Love to Chrift (x)? Is not he more likely to direct poor Souls that are enquiring the Way to Glory into forme Soul-ruining By-path, especially the Path he is in himfelf, than to point them to the right road, which he is experimentally an utter Stranger to ?

Oh! that young Men would be cautious upon this Head, left they incur the Guilt of Blood to an *amazing* Degree, and pave the Way to a most *aggravated* Condemnation\*.

And how careful should the Ministers of the Gospel be, with respect to the Introduction of others into the sacred Work : x John xxi. 15, 16, 17. Tho'

Minifler, that is not a true and real Chriftian; and fuch none can be without real Regeneration, and true Sanctification wrought in him by the Renewings of the Holy Ghoff; which therefore every one that defires to enter into the Holy Office of the Gofpel Miniflry, or does officiate therein, ought most ferioufly to enquire into his Experience of; and not forget, that it is required of a Minister of Chrift, that he be blameleft, foher, juft, holy, temperate, and that be exercife himfelf unto Godlinefs. Holinefs then (even that Holinefs without which no Man foht jee the Lord) belongs to the Scripture Character of a Sieward of God; and this all unfanctified, unboly Ministers ought to think of with Trembling. In a Word, it appears from the Work, Defign, Ends, and Ufe of the Gofpel Minifry, and Scripture Qualifications required of him who officiates therein, that he mult be a Man of fincere Piety, and true Godlinefs.

Pierfon's Sermon on Mr. Dickinfon's Death.

† And it feems to me these would act very unadvisedly, that should enter on that great and facred Work (of the Ministry) before they had comfortable Satisfaction concerning themselves, that they have had a faving Work of God on their Souls. Edwards's Thoughts concerning the Revival of Religion.

\* We have all of us perfonal Guilt enough upon us, let us not add other Mens Guilt to our Account : To be guilty of the Blood of the meaneft Man upon Earth, is a Sin, which will cry in your Confeiences; but to be guilty of the Blood of Souls, Lord! who can bear it? Flavel's Iventife of the Soul of Man.

I In the Light of this Truth, 'we may also read our Duty, how we ought to govern ourfelves in the Ordination of Men to the ministerial Office. This Office is to be committed unto faithful and able Men, 2 Tim. ii. 2. Not to Novices, 1 Tim. in. 6. I know the Necoffities of the Church are great; but no more bake (I befecch you) to fupply their Wants than good Speed. Satis celeviter fieri, quickquid comenode geritur: That's foon enough, that's well enough. 'Tis a leis Hazard, to put

Though they don't know the Heart ; yet to infift upon fufficient Grounds of Satisfaction, not only that they who offer themfelves, are gifted, learned, orthodox, and the like, but alfo that they are favingly acquainted with Christ, and truly engag'd to promote his Glory, and the Salvation of immortal Souls.

Is it not expresly requir'd, that the Scripture-Bishop, or Minister of the Gospel, be boly (y)? Surely then scriptural and fatisfying Evidences of Holinefs and divine Grace, fhould be waited for in this Cafe ; especially fince Timothy is plainly directed, and we thereby, To commit these Things to faithful Men, who fhall be able to teach others alfo (z).

I shall conclude this Head with the mention of what I have feen in a Letter indited by the excellent Mr. David Brainerd when on his Death-Bed, and in the near Views of Eternity, he there fignifies, that it appeared exceeding clear to his Mind, as well as lay with great Weight upon it, that there ought to be great Satisfaction of the true Piety of those we introduce into the facred Work ; for, fays he, " If godly Ministers are left to be lax upon this Head, the Number of ungodly ones will the faster increase, and these will more readily firain a Point, as to the Principles and Practices of those they admit into the Ministry ; and thus the Land may gradually be over-run, not only with the unconverted, but even with heterodox, loofe and vicious Ministers; which dreadful Evil may the Lord, of his infinite Mercy in Jefus Chrift, make us wife and faithful, through his Grace, feafonably to prevent." 2. We

y Tit. i. 8. z 2 Tim. ii. 2.

put an ignorant Ruffic into an Apothecary's Shop, to compound and prepare Medinines tor Meu's Bodies, than to truft a Mar d'flitute both of Faithfulnels and Prudence with the D forfation of Chrift's O dis ances to Mens Souls. Flavel's Serm. on the Character of an Evangelical Pafter.

- 2. We learn that Ministers of Jefus Chrift should be frequently and intenfely fix'd in Meditation on these and fuch like Motives, which are truly weighty, and fuited to promote Faithfulness in their Work ; and withal be often wrestling with Jehovah in the Name of Chrift for a deep and fteady Senfe of them, that we may thus delight in the facred Work, even when Succefs is denied, and look upon it ftill a great Favour and Honor to be allow'd and enabled to fpeak and act for God in Chrift as his Ambaffadors; and that we may, if Success be granted, ... receive it as an additional Comfort, and give God the Glory, to whom only it belongs. - Therefore, feeing we have this Ministry, as we have received Mercy, we faint not.

3. Hence the great Propriety and useful Tendency of the Ministers of the everlasting Gospel, especially in their Presbyterial and Synodical Conventions, their putting each other, in their Turns, in Mind of those great Truths, which tend to establish, comfort and animate them in the great and difficult Work, and through the divine Bleffing will have that Effect, and keep them from fainting ; especially fince Christ is the great and only Head and King of his Church, and we all his Ministers are Fellow-labourers (a) : It cannot then be justly deem'd arrogant, when the meaneft and unworthieft of the Ministers of the Gospel, use a plain and pathetic Freedom, as at this Time, with others convened, how much foever fuperior in Age or Learning, Gifts or Grace; yet with becoming  $\begin{array}{c} Refpe \mathcal{E}t; \\ This naturally leads me to a Word of \\ E X H O R T A T I O N. \end{array}$ 

And here I would

1. With all Humility address myself to my Reverend Fathers and dear Brethren in the Gospel-Ministry conven'd, a Eph. i. 22. Philem. 24th Verse. whom

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whom I reverence, effeem and love, and whom in general I'm perfuaded (and rejoice from my *inmost* Scul on the Account) that the God of the Spirits of all Flesh has made upright before him, and, in a good Measure, faithful to him, and the Souls of Men, in the great and difficult and yet-honourable Work he has call'd them to.

I just mention this, which I can speak wth great Sincerity, and affectionate and dutiful, but just Regard, to prevent any Misconstruction of the Freedom of Speech I use in this Dicourse.

Permit me, Reverend Sirs, on this Occafion to congratulate you, that you are call'd; not only to know, but also to preach the unfearchable Riches of Ckrift. Well may we fay, What are we, O Lord, or what is our Father's Houfe? that thou haft brought us hitherto; and that to us this Grace flouid be given; to us ! who are lefs than the leaft of all Mercies; yea, to us ! who are lefs than the leaft of all Saints. Oh ! then, have we this Miniftry? 'tis only because and as we have received Mercy.' Have we furthermore special Supports and Consolations, Affistances and Success at Times? Still it is as we have received Mercy, and only so; let God then have all the Glory.

Let us give Thanks with our whole Souls, at the Remembrance of the Divine Holinefs, Power and Grace, difplay'd at one Time and another, especially about twelve or fisteen Years ago, in a very glorious and wonderful Work of Conviction and Conversion of Sinners; as well as Edification of God's People; which notwithstanding several unhappy and fad Extravagances, or Extreams, which attended the same, we (as a dear Brother in the Ministry expresses it) still dare to call a Work of God,

Alas !

2 . sb. U. 10.

29

Alas ! my Brethren, that we and others have fo much abus'd and mifimprov'd this unspeakable Mercy, and provok'd the Lord in such a Measure to depart from us !

And how are we call'd to lament, that Iniquity awfully abounds in our Land and Nation; Infidelity, and many falfe and corrupt Principles, multiplied ; and grofs Immoralities, Profaneness, and Vices of all Sorts, Worldlymindedness and Lukewarmness in religion, Divisions in Church and State, spiritual Sloth and Barrenness, Blindness and Hardness, Ingratitude and Stupidity, under awful Threatnings and Judgments, Prefumption and Security, Pride, Selfrighteousness, Unbelief, and Opposition to the late glorious Work of God; and, in a Word, awful Difregard, and even Contempt of God and his Laws, of Chrift and his Gofpel, and Person, and Grace; of their own Souls and their Families and others best and eternal Interests: And how are we further called to lament that the Love of many waxes cold? What a general Coldness and Deadness, as to religion, has for some Years prevail'd; nor can we deny, that the Miniftry has been infected herewith ; though, bleffed be God, we have some Revivings in our Bondage, both as to divine Comforts and Success, and should not despise the Day of small Things (b).

Under the Judgments we feel or fear, let us be humbled, but not discouraged.

Come, my beloved Brethren, let us arife, through Grace, and thake ourfelves; let us, for God's Sake, for Chrift's Sake, and for precious Soul's Sake, arife, and thake office mains of Sloth and Backwardnets on the one Hand,

b Zech. iv. 10.

Hand, and finking Difcouragements on the other : Let us, in the Lord's Strength, quit ourfelves like Men, yea, like Men of God, in this dark, degenerate and difficult Day. Oh! what Honor would this reflect on God and religion !

Let us walk with God, as Enoch did (c): Let us be valiant, and yet different, active and diligent; fledfast, and unmovable, fervent in Spirit, and full of the Holy Ghost; always abounding in the Work of the Lord; knowing that our Labour is not in vain in the Lord (d). If we are faithful, and Souls be not gathered, yet we shall be glorious in the Eyes of the Lord; — if they be, then we shall fay e'er long, Lord, bere we are, and the Children thou hast gracious y given us; and shall rejoice with them in Glory for ever.

Oh ! my Fathers, my Brethren, the Eyes of Chrift, who will judge the Quick and the Dead at his Appearing, and his Kingdom, his Eyes, I fay, which are as a Flame of Fire (e) are upon us continually in all Parts of our Work and Conduct, with reference to the final Judgment, and that frict Account we must give at his Bar : And if any of us should then meet with the Doom of the Slothful Servant, how dreadful ! how intolerable !\_\_\_\_\_The very Thought is big with Horror ! and Words fail !\_\_\_\_\_

But on the other Hand, how glorious, inconceivably glorious, is the Reward we shall have, if we are faithful, through Grace: Oh! how shall we exult with extatic Joy, when our Lord says to us, Well done good and faithful Servants, enter into the Joy, the eternal Joy, of your Lord.

With this Prospect, shall we not most willingly spend and be spent in our Work for Christ, and for Souls? especially confidering what Christ Jesus our Lord has done and suffered

c Gen. v. 22. d I Cor. xv. 58. e Rev. i. 14.

ed for us; and how he has groaned and fweat, bled and died for us on the Crofs, that we might live and reign with him in Glory.

Let us further realize the *infinite Glory*, *Purity and Excellency of Chrift, behold him altogether lovely*, and think nothing too much to do or fuffer for him, but all vaftly too little. Had we a Thoufand Lives, and he call'd for them. fhould we not, with the greateft Freedom and Alacrity, lay them all down, as one fpeaks faft, as the fucceffive Minutes roll.—But I muft haften.—*Chrift's Dying Love* to his Church, as well as to us, fhould engage us in our great and difficult, yet honorable, profitable and pleafant Work.

Again, the People of God are helping us by their Prayers, and holding up our Arms, while we are doing the Lord's Work, and fighting the Lord's Battles; and though evil Men watch for our halting, this should but make us watch and pray the more, and work the harder, and stand more sure, not in our own, but the Lord's Strength.

Furthermore, Faithfulnefs in our Work, will express Gratitude to the bleffed Jefus, for calling us to the Knowledge of himself, and for putting us into the Ministry, both which are very great Mercies: Therefore feeing we have this Ministry, as we have received Mercy, let us not faint; effecially fince our Time is short and Death comes hastening on . Alas 1

If thall I fquander away what is unuttenably important, while it lafts, and when once departed, is altogether irrevocable? O'! my Soul, forbear the Folly : Forbear the defperate Extravagance. Wilt thou chide as a Loiterer, the Arrow that boundeth from the String : or fweep away Diamords, as the Refuje of the Houfe? ----Throw Time away ! Aftonifhing, ruinous, irreparable Profufenefs! Throw Empires away and be blamelefs. But O ! be parfimonious of thy Days : husband thy precious Hours. Hervey's Contemplations.

At a control of the state of the state of the

Alas! that fo much of our Time is run to Wafte, and we have done no more for God: Oh! then, let us feize the *flying Moments*; and employ them all for God, and Chrift, and Souls.

Some of our Number within a few Years past are called home from their Work to their Reward, from light and momentary Trials, to a far more exceeding, and eternal Weight of Glory.

Oh ! that a double Portion of the Spirit may fall on us who furvive, that we may redeem our Time in the best Manner, and double our Diligence !

Many Opportunities we have to express our Love to Christ and Souls in this Life, that we shall never have afterwards: Oh! that we may improve them all, through Grace, to the best Purpose !

Hold out Faith and Patience, hold out Zeal, Activity and Courage, a little longer, and we shall, Reverend and dear Sirs, be with our triumphant Brethren above, and perfectly enjoy, glorify and praise our God and Saviour for ever and ever.

2. I would speak a Word to those of the Children of God who are not in the Ministry. Brethren ! Pray for us ! (f). Many Difficulties we meet with in our Work ; Oh ! pray, that we may not faint or flag; but may find the Grace of our God abundantly sufficient, that we may be successful, if it be the Lord's Will; but, especially, that we may be faithful to the Death, and then receive a Crown of Life.

I may fay to you as I have heard it was faid by those who were going to take *Cape-Breton*, when they parted with their Friends upon the Shore, "Do you *pray* for'us, and we will *fight* "for you :" Yea, I may fay farther, Do you *pray* for us, *f* I Thef. v. 25. E and

and we will work for you, and pray for you too, through Grace, that you may grow in Grace, and in the Knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jefus Christ, that you may live by Faith on him, continually bring forth much Fruit, adorn your Profession, and ripen apace for Glory; and Oh! Give the Lord no Rest, till he make Jerusalem a Praise and Joy in the Earth. And, dear Brethren, pray often, and pray earneftly, for poor, Christles, perishing Souls.

I would now,

3. Conclude with an Addrefs to fuch.

No fmall Part of our Work, my dear Hearers, who are yet in the difinal State of Unregeneracy relates to you; and many Difficulties, Services and Fatigues we are willing to go through without fainting, out of Love to, and Concern for your precious Souls, if by any Means we may win you over to the Knowledge and Love of God and Chrift, and, at leaft, *fave fome*.

Oh! confent to be happy, and to live for ever, and don't kill yourfelves; don't throw yourfelves Body and Soul into Hell: This you will do, if you continue in Sin and Unbelief.

We come in God's Name to you, and pray you in Chrift's Stead to be reconciled to God :---We preach the Terrors of the Law, as Means fuited to awaken and convince you of your finful, awful State, and abfolute Need of a Saviour; and we fet before you the Invitations of the Gofpel, and the Grace, Beauties and Glories of Immanuel; with Defires, that you may, by the Almighty Power and Grace of God, be made willing to receive Chrift Jefus, juft as he is offered in the Gofpel, and reft upon him alone for Salvation: Then, my Brethren, you will be inconceivably happy and bleffed for ever.

34

But Oh! if you continue to neglect and refue Chrift, you must perish. The faithful and true Witness has declared plainly with his own Mouth, He that believeth not, shall be damned (g). If you will go to Hell, after all, from under the glorious Advantages of the Gospel, how aggravated must your Damnation be (b)? Oh! can you bear to lie under the dreadful Wrath of the great and terrible God in the Flames of Hell, without one Drop of Water to cool your scorebed Tongues; where the Worm of Confcience never dies, and the Fire is not quenched; and where you must lie roaring, wailing and gnashing your Teeth, for ever and ever.

Oh ! then rest not in your present Condition ; and, the' you must take all possible Pains in religion, read, bear, pray, meditate, and, in a Word, strive with all Earnestness, yet don't reft upon that, or think that God is obliged hereupon to fave you; but acknowledge he might most justly after all this, caft you into Hell :--Come therefore as a poor, guilty, empty, vile, finful, perifhing, ill-deferving, and Hell-deferving Creature to a full, glorious and all-fufficient Christ, who is most ready and willing to fave. If any Man thirst, let him come to Chrift and drink. Oh! come, poor Souls, here are many of us Ambassadors of Jesus Christ together ; I trust we join most cordially and affectionately in warning you to flee from the Wrath to come, and in calling and inviting you to Chrift. Oh ! come before the Master of the House is risen up, and has stut to the Door (i) for then it will be too late for ever. Oh! don't delay, Thousands have been ruin'd that way. Hear the Lord's Voice, thro' his Grace, To-day : Oh ! let there be Joy in Heaven over you this Day, and then I truft we shall meet e'er long in pure, perfect and eternal Glory : Which may the Lord grant, thro' Jesus Christ ! Amen and Amen.

g Mark xvi. 16. b Mat. xi. 21, 22, 23, 24. i Luke xiii. 25.

FINIS.