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AS YARVELOVS UGAN.

OUT OF DARKNESS

"GIVE ME A LEVER LONG ENOUGH.

AND A PROP STRONG ENOUGH,

I CAN ... MOVE THE WORLD."

— ARCHIMEDES.

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HRISTIAN LATION: BIGHTEORS SYEXALTE IN A NATION:

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The Editor of THE CHRISTIAN NATION will make good use of all clippings, statistics, information, or short and pointed contributions on any or all of the following subjects:

1st-Favoring repeal of Chinese Exclusion law. 2d-Favoring the recognition of God's law in civil government.

3rd-Favoring the exclusive use of the Bible Psalms and the exclusion of instrumental music in worship.

4th-Favoring Sabbath observance.

5th-Opposing the theatre, card playing and dancing.

6th-Opposing the use of alcohol as a beverage and of tobacco in any form.

7th-Favoring Peace and Arbitration.

Will you cut this out and paste it in your memorandum book or on the front of your desk or in some prominent place in your home or office.

Digest of the News of the Week.

Inauguration of W. H. Taft.

The inauguration of William Howard Taft as president and James S. Sherman as vice-president of the United States occurred last Thursday at Washington. A most terrific wind and snow storm parose the night before, blowing down the telegraph wires connecting with Washington, so that all communications would have been cut off were it not for the wireless. Even these were greatly hampered with. The weather in Washington was so severe that the inaugural ceremony had to be held in the Senate chamber instead of out in the open. This was the first time that the out-door ceremony was

not permissable since the inauguration of Andrew Jackson. Mr. Taft's new cabinet is as follows:

Secretary of State-Philander C. Knox of Pennsylvania.

Secretary of the Treasury—Franklin McVeagh of Illinois.

Secretary of War—Jacob M. Dickinson of Tennesee.

Attorney General—George W. Wickersham of New York.

Postmaster General—Frank H. Hitchcock of Massachusetts.

Secretary of the Navy—George von Lengerke Meyer of Massachusetts.

Secretary of the Interior—Richard A. Ballinger of Washington.

Secretary of Agriculture—James Wilson of Iowa. Secretary of Commerce and Labor—Charles Nagel of Missouri.

THE OUTLINE OF PRESIDENT TAFT'S POLICIES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

Relief of railroads from certain restrictions of the anti-trust law to be urged.

Roosevelt reforms to be maintained and enforced. An efficient army and a modern navy necessities. Prompt revision of the tariff imperatively necessary.

Every effort should be made to prevent humiliating and degrading prohibition against any American citizens temporarily sojourning in foreign countries because of race or religion.

Aliens in the United States must be protected, and the means of enforcing their treaty rights should be out in the hands of the federal courts.

be put in the hands of the federal courts.

Postal savings banks and mail subsidies recom-

mended.

Completion of the Panama Canal expected early in the next administration, if not before.

It is not the disposition nor within the province of the federal government to interfere with the regulation by Southern states of their domestic affairs.

Further legislation for the benefit of labor recommended.

Business a property or pecuniary right which should be protected by equitable injunctions.

Wesleyan University Bars Women.

Trustees Decide to Discontinue Co-educational System.

The trustees of Wesleyan University decided yesterday to discontinue the coeducational system within the next two years. This action was taken at a meeting held at 150 Fifth Avenue, and was the result of a prolonged discussion. The question of whether or not a separate college for women will

be founded in Middletown was put over until the next meeting, but it is believed that such a course will be taken if the money can be raised.

It was decided to make attendance at chapel on Sabbath afternoon compulsory.

For the last thirty-six years, Wesleyan has been a coeducational institution. The number of women students has always been limited to 20 per cent. of the total enrollment. The undergraduate body has frequently tried to have women barred from the college.

Indiana "Drys" Win.

Measure to Repeal Local Option Law Killed, 26 to 23.

Indianapolis, March 2.—The bill to repeal the local option law, under which twenty-five counties have voted dry in the last two months, was killed in the Senate this afternoon, two Democrats voting with the Republicans to kill the measure and two Republicans voting with the Democrats to save it. The vote was 26 to 23.

The Senate galleries, lobbies and aisles were crowded with ministers and representatives of the breweries and saloons. The death of the repeal bill means that counties will continue to hold elections under the local option law for the next two years at least

A Cargo of Oats for America.

First Shipment on Record Reaches Boston from the Argentine Republic.

Boston, Feb. 28.—The first cargo of oats to reach any United States port from abroad arrived here to-day under the hatches of the St. Quentin from Beunos Ayres. The cargo is about two hundred thousand bushels and will be delivered this week in New York. The identity of the consignee is concealed in the papers of consignment, the grain being shipped to "order."

Penny Post with France.

Negotiations Successfully Concluded, Says Mr. Heaton.

London, March 4.—While urging the Association of the Chamber of Commerce of the United Kingdom to agitate penny postage with France, a member of the British Chamber of Commerce in Paris said to-day that he had the authority of John Henniker Heaton to say that he had learned from an important American source, that France and America had successfully concluded negotiations to this same end; that penny postage between these two countries was about to be established.

Death of Rev. W. M. Glasgow, D.D.

The entire Church will learn with profound sorrow of the death of the Rev. W. M. Glasgow, which occurred at St. Timothy's Hospital, Philadelphia, shortly after one o'clock noon on Tuesday, March 2, aged 52.

Mr. Glasgow was the son of Moses T. and Martha W. (Thompson) Glasgow, and was born in Northwood, Ohio, July 1, 1856. The following year his parents removed to Belle Center, Ohio, where he received his early education in the public schools. In March, 1872, he was employed in connection with the Cincinnati Daiiy Star, and in 1874 was agent and reporter for the same paper in Dayton, Ohio. He resumed his studies in Geneva College, where he graduated in 1880, and was employed in Boston, Mass., for two years. He studied theology in the Allegheny Seminary, was licensed by the Pittsburgh Presbytery, April 9, 1884, and made a tour of the British Maritime Provinces. He was ordained by the Philadelphia Presbytery, and installed pastor of the congregation of Baltimore, Maryland, Nov. 26, 1885. His last charge in our denomination was at Beaver Falls. He was an editor of the College Cabinet for two years, beginning with its establishment in 1878. He published the "History of the Reformed Presbyterian Church in America" in 1888. He went from us into the communion of the United Presbyterian Church, and afterward into the Presbyterian Church, and was pastor of a Presbyterian congregation in Philadelphia at the time of his

Dr. Glasgow's interest in the Reformed Presbyterian Church continued, and the last years of his life were devoted to the preparation of "The Geneva Book," published last year, "comprising a history of Geneva College and a Biographical Catalogue of the Alumni and Many Students," a volume of 445 pages, and issued July 1, 1908, less than a year before his death. He also edited a valuable historical work for the United Presbyterian Church. He was a member of the Pennsylvania State Historical Society, Presbyterian Historical Society, etc.

The following is a full list of his works: "Catalogue of the Alumni of Geneva College" 1882; "Brief History of Geneva College" 1883; "The Provincial Churches in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia' 1884; "History of the Reformed Presbyterian Church in America" 1888; sketches in "Biographical Catalogue of W. & J. College" 1889; "The R. P. Church" in Dr. Geo. P. Hays' "Presbyterians" 1892; "Covenanting at Octorara, Pa., in 1743" 1895; "The Canadian Churches of Ontario" 1806; "Historical Catalogue of the Theological Seminaries of the R. P. Church" 1898; "Cyclopedic Manual of the United Presbyterian Church" 1903; "Register of Franklin College, Ohio" 1908; "The Geneva Book" 1908

Mr. Glasgow married Miss Elizabeth D. Mullen, Baltimore, Dec. 20, 1888

His wife and two daughters survive him. Dr. Glasgow's portrait will ap pear later.

Covenanter Young People's Union

Bible Study.

Week Beginning March 28, 1909.

Rev. J. S. McGaw.

"Great Missionary Books, Home and Foreign."—Isa. 62:6-12.

- I. The book of Psalms—67:1-7.
- 2. The book of Isaiah.—42:10-17.
- 3. The Book of Daniel.—2:31-34, 44, 45.

44, 45.

- 4. The book of Ezekiel.—47:1, 8, 9.
- 5. The book of Jonah.—1:1,2; 4:11.
- 6. The book of Luke.—10:1-11, 17-20.
- 7. The book of Matthew.—28:-18-20.
- 8. The book of Second Corinthians.—II:25-33.
- 9. The book of James.—5:14-20. 10. The book of Revelation.—11:15.

TEXTUAL HINTS.

V. 6. God's watchmen, the ministers of the Gospel, are not to be silent. A misionary sermon frequently is the performance of duty. But "ye that make mention of the Lord" includes the membership of the Church who are to agitate missions and provoke one another unto good works.

V 7. "Give him no rest." Let prayer be continually ascending; in perseverance and importunity besiege the throne of grace day and night until He make Jerusalem a praise in the earth.

Vs. 8, 9. The Lord's oath and covenant are the hope of the coming of the kingdom. All the efforts put forth by the Church are bound to be victorious in the end.

V 10. "Go through, go through the gates"; God has opened effectual doors; there are adversaries but enter in. Do the pioneer work, instruct the minds and hearts of the people, build schools, establish stations, send out colporteurs, physicians, missionaries, meet the people's needs, win the people's hearts, "lift up a standard for the people, thus remove the stones of difficulty and cast up a highway for the coming of the Lord to the hearts and homes and lands of the world.

V 11. The message for the Church is optomistic. It is God's promise and prophecy of success.

Her Captain has come, He is preparing the way before His Church and the reward of victory is with him for all who will follow Him.

V 12. The world will honor the missionary and the Church. They are now called "The holy people," the "Jesus people," the "Redeemed of the Lord."

God will so manifest His grace to His Church in the presence of the heathen that they will indeed be compelled to admit that she is indeed "sought out, a city not forsaken.

SUGGESTIVE THOUGHTS.

Missionary books have so multiplied that it is only the indifferent who will not be informed.

Missionary books excel all others for interest and value because of their wide range over the world, their excellent description of the sociological conditions of all lands, the contribution which the missionaries have made to science, the thrilling scenes they depict, the deep experience they portray, the noble characters to which they introduce us, the advance work of the kingdom which they present, and the profound influence they have upon our heart and lives.

Missions are a clearly defined duty of the Church. Every member of the kingdom who has had the advantages of intellectual equipment has the question of the call to the foreign field to decide. Only by a study of missions can he be able to give a fair decision. To be informed is to be inspired either to go or to give.

If your society do not have a mission library get one. A good way is to hold a book social, each member bringing a book as a gift or telling about it.

Carry on a mission study class, with a text book in the hands of every member.

Do not wait for others to begin the study of missions. Go to work at it yourself and then you are in a position to urge others.

The following are a few books which will be well worth the study: The biographies of Livingstone, Moffat, Mexander Mackay, Hannington, Williams, Chalmers, Patterson, Morrison, Paton, Selwyn, Carey, Judson, Boardman, Gardiner, Fidelia, Fiske, Mary Reed, Whitman, Brainard, Duff, Nevins, Nusima, McCall, Crowther, Cox and Naunson.

Beach's Geography of Missions,

Barnes' Missions before Carey Thompson's Moravian Missions, a Pierce's Miracles of Missions, a the volumes in the Young People' Course of Mission Study, the Women's Boards and the Stunden Volunteer Movement, Smith' Chinese Characteristics, Gordon' American Missionary in Japan Fuller's Wrongs of Indian Woman hood.

Congenial Work.

And Strength to Perform It.

A person in good health is likel to have a genial disposition, ambition and enjoy work.

On the other hand, if the diges tive organs have been upset by wrong food, work becomes drudgery.

"Until recently," writes a Washington girl, "I was a railroad stenographer, which means full work every day.

"Like many other girls alone in a large city, I lived at a boarding house. For breakfast it was mush, greasy meat, soggy cakes, black coffee, etc.

"After a few months of this diet I used to feel sleepy and heavy in the mornings. My work seemed a terrible effort, and I thought the work was to blame—too arduous.

"At home I had heard my father speak of a young fellow who wentleng distances in the cold on Grape-Nuts and cream and nothing more for breakfast.

"I concluded if it would tide him over a morning's heavy work, it might help me, so on my way home one night I bought a package and next morning I had Grape-Nuts and milk for breakfast.

"I stuck to Grape-Nuts, and it less than two weeks I noticed im a provement. I can't just tell how a well I felt, but I remember I used to walk the twelve blocks to business and knew how good it was simply to live.

"As to my work—well, did you were feel the delight of having congenial work and the strength to perform it? That's how I felt. truly believe there's life and vigors in every grain of Grape-Nuts."

Name given by Postum Co., Bab & tle Creek, Mich. Read "The Roads to Wellwille," in pkgs. "There's & Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true and full of human interest.