TOFFES - B BLE HOUSE, NEW YORK.

Re T. De Witt Talmage, D.D., Editor.

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Providentially Escaped Massacre.

Arrival in New York of American Survivors of the Massacre of the Missionaries of the United Brethren in Sierra Leone, Africa.

LDOM has a steamer brought to tion when the savages descended upon it took with them a number of native women lish Governor arrived and the murderous our shores a party so sad and yet so thankful as the little group of misies whom the Etruria landed in New a few days ago. They were the sur- a few days ago. They were the sur-



REV. L. O. BURTNER.

MRS. BURTNER HENRY TUCKER.

REV. F. S. MINSHALL. MRS. MINSHALL.

MISS MULLER.

MR. A. WARD

THE MISSIONARY SURVIVORS OF THE MASSACRE AT ROTUFUNK, AFRICA, NOW IN THE UNITED STATES.

vivi of the massacre in Sierra Leone. At a which was described in this journal in the 8. Their portraits, taken specia for this journal with that of a native

bo appear on this page.
A. A. Ward was a missionary at Rofunk, but was absent from the sta-

Happily, they heard of the approach of the blood-thirsty savages, who were march-ing upon them a thousand strong, in time to make their escape by boats to Plantain Island, six miles up stream, whence by a perilous voyage of two days and nights they reached Freetown in safety. They

station at Mamaliga, when the house was suddenly surrounded by men whose bloodbesmeared bodies and spears showed the hideous work they had been doing. They told her they had come to kill her, but before they could force an entrance into the house, a band of soldiers sent by the Eng-

now on a visit here, says that the whole district is in a state of unrest. The King is securely living in French territory, where he has access to all the arms and ammunition he wants, and he is organizing his people for a desperate struggle for the



A Sermon by the Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, D.D., on the Text, Judges 16: 25:

And it came to pass, when their hearts were merry, that they said, Call for Samson, that he may make us sport. And they called for Samson out of the prison-house; and he made them sport."



HERE were three thousand people assembled in the Temple of Dagon. They had come to make sport of eyeless Samson. They were all ready for the entertainment. They began to clap and pound,

impatient for the amusement to begin, and they cried, "Fetch him out!" Yonder I see the blind old giant coming, led by the hand of a chill into the very midst of the temple. At his first appearance there goes up a shout of laughter and derision. The blind old giant pretends he is tired and wants to rest himself against the pillars of the house, so he says to the lad who leads him. "Bring me where the main pillars are." The lad does so. Then the strong man puts his hands on one of the pillars, and, with the mightiest push that mortal ever made, throws himself forward until the whole house comes down in thunderous crash, grinding the audience like grapes in a wine-press. "And so it came to pass, when their hearts were merry, that they said, Call for Samson, that he may make us sport. And they called for Samson out of the prison-house; and he made them sport." In other words there are amusements that are destructive and bring down disaster and death upon the heads of those who practise them. While they laugh and cheer, they die. The three thousands who have been destroyed, body, mind, and soul by bad amusements and by good amusements carried to excess.

In my sermons you must have noticed that I have no sympathy with ecclesiastical strait-jackets, or with that whole ale denunciation of amusement who which many are pledged. I believe the Church of God has made a timendous mistake in trying to superiess the sportfulness of youth and two out from men their love of amusement. If God ever implanted anything n us, he implanted this desire. But instead of providing for this demand of our nature, the Church of God has for the main part ignored it. As in a riot the major plants a battery at the end of the street and has it fired off, so that everything is cut down that happens to stand in the range, the good as well as the bad, so there are men in the church who plant their butteries of condemnation and fire away in discriminately. Everything is condemned. They talk as if they would like to have our youth dress in blue imform, ike the culoren of an orphan asylum, and murch down the path of life to the tune of the Dead March in Saul. They hate a blue sash, or a rosebudin the air, or a tasseled guiter, and think a man almost ready for the limatic asylum who utters a committee.

al nost ready for the limatic asylian who alties a commortion.

Young Men's Christ'in Associations of the country are doing a glorious work. They have fine reading-rooms, and all the influences are of the best kind, and are now idding dynamasiums and howling-alleys, whire, without any evil surroundings, our young near my get physical as works spiritual improvement. We are dwindling away to a narrow chested, we assured, feeble voiced race, when Go calls his to a work in which he wants pay ical as well as a initial arbitets. I would to God that the time oright soon come when in all our college and theological seminaries as a Princetor, a symnasium shall be estimashed. We spend seven years of fard study in preparation for the ministry, and come out with bronchit's and dyspepsia and liver complaint, and then crawlup into the pulpit, and the people say. "Don't he look heaverly!" hecause he looks sickly. Let the Church of God direct, rather than attempt to suppress, the desire for amu owent. The best men that the worll ever knew have had their sports. William Wilber force trundled hoop with his children.

Martin Luther helped dress the Christmas tree. Ministers have pitched quoits, philanthropists have gone a-skating, prime ministers have played ball.

Our communities are filled with men and women who have in their souls unmeasured resources for sportfulness and frolic. Show me a man who never lights up with sportfulness and has no sympathy with the recreations of others, and I will show you a man who is a stumbling-block to the kingdom of God. Such men are caricatures of religion. They lead young people to think that a man is good in proportion as he groans and frowns and looks sallow, and that the height of a man's Christian stature is in proportion to the length of his face. I would trade off five hundred such men for one bright-faced, radiant Christian on whose face are the words, "Rejoice evermore!" Every morning by his cheerful face he preaches fifty sermons. I will go further and say that I have no confidence in a man who makes a religion of his gloomy looks. That kind of a man always turns out badly. I would not want him for the treasurer of an orphan asylum. The orphans would suffer.

Among forty people whom I received into the church at one communion, there was only one applicant of whose piety I was suspicious. He had the longest story to tell; had seen the most visions, and gave an experience so wonderful that all the other applicants were discouraged. I was not surprised the year after to team that he had run off with the funds of the bank with which he was connected. Who is this black angel that you call religion will black, feathers black? Our religion is a bright angel—feet bright, eyes bright, wings bright, taking her place in the soul. She pulls a rope that reaches to the skies and sets all the beils of heaven a chiming. There are some persons who, when talking to a minister, always feel it politic to look lugubrious. Go forth, O people, to your lawful amusement. God means you to be happy. But, when there are so many sources of innocent pleasure, why tumper with anything that is dangerous and polluting? Why stop our ears to a heaven full of songsters to listen to the hiss of a dragon? Why turn back from the mountain side all abloom with wild flowers and adash with the nimble torrents, and with blistered feet attempt to

flowers and adash with the nimble torrents, and with blistered feet attempt to
climb the hot sides of Cotopaxi?

Now, all opera houses, theatres, bowling alleys, skating rinks and all styles of
amusement, good and bad, I put on trial
to-day and judge of them by certain cardinal principles. First, you may judge of
any amusement by its healthful result or
by its baneful reaction. There are people
who seem made up of hard facts. They
are a combination of multiplication tables
and statistics. If you show them an exquisite picture they will begin to discuss
the pigments involved in the coloring; if
you show them a beautiful rose, they will
submit it to a botanical analysis, which is
only the post mortem examination of a
flower. They never do anything more
than feebly smile. There are no great
tides of feeling surging up from the depth
of their soul in billow after billow of reverberating laughter. They seem as inature had built them by contract and
made a bungling job out of it. But,
blessed be God, there are people in the
world who have bright faces and whose
life is a song, an anthem, a paran of victory. Even their troubles are like the
vines that crawl up the side of a great
tower on the top of which the simlight
sits and the sort airs of summer hold perpetual carnival. They are the people you
like to have come to your house; they are
the people 1 like to have come to my
house. Now it is these exhilarant and
sympathetic and warm-hearted people
that are most tempted to pernicious
amusements. In proportion as a ship is
swift it wants a strong helmsman; in pro-

portion as a horse is gay it wants a strong driver; and these people of exuberant nature will do well to look at the reaction of all their anusements. If an amusement sends you home at night nervous so you cannot sleep, and you rise in the morning, not because you are slept out, but because your duty drags you from your slumbers, you have been. There are amusements that send a man next day to his work bloodshot, yawning, stupid, nauseated, and they are wrong kinds of amusements. There are entertainments that give a man disgust with the drudgery of life, with tools because they are not swords, with working aprons because they are not robes, with cattle because they are not infuriated bulls of the arena. If any amusement sends you home longing for a life of romance and thrilling adventure, love that takes poison and shoots itself, moonlight adventures and hairbreadth escapes, you may depend upon it that you are the sacrificed victim of unsanctified pleasure. Our recreations are intended to build us up, and if they pull us down as to our moral or as to our physical strength, you may come to the conclusion that they are obnoxious.

Still further: Those amusements are wrong which lead into expenditure beyond your means. Money spent in recreation is not thrown away. It is all folly for us to come from a place of amusement feeling that we have wasted our money and time. You may by it have made an investment worth more than the transaction that yielded you a hundred or a thousand dollars. But how many properties have been riddled by costly amusements? The table has been robbed to pay the club. The champagne has cheated the children's wardrobe. The carousing party has burned up the boy's primer. The table cloth of the corner saloon is in debt to the wife's faded dress. Figure 1.

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The table cloth of the waster 1.

The table cloth of the pentition dress that he had committed against his employer—the taking of funds out of the employer the taking of funds out of the employer th

How brightly the path of unrestrained anusement opens! The young man says; "Now I am off for a good time. Never mind economy; I'll get money somehow. What a fine road! What a beautiful day for a ride! Crack the whip, and over the turnpike! Come, boys, fill high your glasses! Drink! Long life, health, plenty of rides just like this!" Hard-working men hear the clatter of the hoofs and look up and say, "Why, I wonder where those fellows get their money from. We have to toil and drudge. They do nothing." To these gay men life is a thrill and an excitement. They stare at other people and in turn are stared at. The watch-chain jingles. The cup foams. The cheeks flush, the eyes flash. The midnight hears their guffaw. They swagger. They jostle decent men off the sidewalk. They take the name of God in vain. They parody the hymn they learned at their mother's knee; and to all pictures of coming disaster they cry out: "Who cares!" and to the counsel of some Christian friend: "Who are you?" Passing along the street some night you hear a shriek in a grog-shop, the rattle of the watchman's club, the rush of the police. What is the matter now? Oh, this reckless young

man has been killed in a grog-sho Carry him home to his father's Parents will come down and wa wounds and close his eyes in death forgive him all he ever did, tho cannot in his silence ask it. The pi has got home at last. Mother will her little garden and get the sylence and twist them into a chapthe silent heart of the wayward by push back from the bloated brow thocks that were once her pride. A air will be rent with the father's cramy son, my son, my poor son; wou I had died for thee, oh, my son, my

You may judge of amusements I effect upon physical health. The many good people is physical retion. There are Christian men why hard things against their immortation when there is nothing the matter them but an incompetent liver. I body has a powerful effect upon the thing the powerful effect upon the thing that out with clouds of the smoke. There are people whose ideas of a are all shut out with clouds of the smoke. There are people who can be shatter the physical vase in which put the jewel of eternity. Oh, it is some outrageous that men through lect should allow their physical to go down beyond repair, spend rest of their life not in some great prise for God and the world, but it ing what is the best thing to take the people. A ship which ought with set and every man at his post to be ing a rich cargo for eternity, employits men in stopping up leakages! you may through some of the populealthful recreations of our time we your spleen and your querulousness one-half of your physical and men ments, do not turn your back from a grand medicament.

Again, judge of the places of the places. If you belong to an ization where you have to associate the intemperate, with the uncleans the abandoned, however well they to dressed, in the name of God quit it, will despoil your nature. They will mine your moral character. They drop you when you are destroyed. I will not give one cent to support you dren when you are dead. They will not one tear at your burial.

Again, any amusement that gives distaste for domestic life is bad. I many bright domestic circles have broken up by sinful amusements. If father went off, the mother went child went off. There are all ato the fragments of blasted hous of the father went off, the mother went of the father went off. There are all ato the fragments of blasted hous of the father went off. There are all ato the fragments of blasted hous of the father went off. There are all ato the fragments of blasted hous of the father went off. There are all ato the father, that your children are soon out into the world, and all the infor good you are to have over the must have now? Death will break your conjugal relations, and, alas! whave to stand over the grave of off were shown to a ring on her finger and her say to her husband, "Do you string?" He replied, "Yes, I se "Well," said she, "do you remem! what it there?" "Yes," said he, "I there." And all the past seemed upon him. By the memory of that day in the presence of men and ang where the father we have to be faithful in joy and sand in sickness and in health; memory of those pleasant hours why sat together in your new house tall a bright future; by the cradle and cited hour when one life was span another given; by that sick bed, whill little one lifted up the hands and for help and you knew he must day he put one arm around each of your and brought you very near toget that dying kiss; by the little grave cemetery that you never think of varush of tears; by the family where in its stories of heavenly ethe brief but expressive record of and deaths; by the neglects of the and by the agonies of the future; judgment day when husbands and will stand to be caught up in shit ray, or to shrink down into darkness-yethat. I beg you to give to home yo be affections.

Let me say to all young men, You the of amusement will decide your destiny. One night I saw a you man

at a reet corner evidently doubting as to whi direction he had better take. He had is hat lifted high enough so you you see he had an intelligent forehead. whild he stop there while so many are going up and down? The fact t every man has a good angel and bad angel contending for the masery of his spirit. And there was a no ingel and a bad angel struggling that young man's soul at the young man's soul at the corner eet. "Come with me," said the t street. "Come with me," said the or angel, "I will take you home. I ill bread my wing over your pathway, wilovingly escort you all through life. wilovingly escort you all through life. wibless every cup you drink out of, ecouch you rest on, every doorway in ter. I will consecrate your tears he you weep, your sweat when you I dat the last I will hand over your at into the hand of the bright angel a 'liristian resurrection." "No, no," and he bad angel, "come with me; I womething better to offer; the wines prair alt the dance I lead is over floor al; the dance I lead is over floor ated with unrestrained indulgences; service with unrestrained indugences; let's no God to frown on the temples is where I worship. The skies are all. The paths I tread are through eaws daisied and primrosed; come

young man hesitated at a time when est ion was ruin, and the bad angel mo the good angel until it departed, pre ing wings through the starlight up-arend away, until a doorflashed open in havas the turning point in that young n history; the good angel whe hesitated no longer,

ut rted on a pathway which bettiful at the opening, but last at the last. The bad nas i at the last. The bad ngcleading the way, opened te fter gate, and at each ate ie road became rougher nd he sky more lurid, and, and he sky more lurid, and, havas peculiar, as the gate landed shut it came to with a jethat indicated that it on never open. Passed each nort there was a grinding of botting a shoving of botts; and e scenery on either side end changed from gardens of certs, and the June air certs, and the June air countries. e id changed from gardens of erts, and the June air secret a cutting December last and the bright wings of e id angel turned to sack of including the beam hollow with hopeless the and the fountains, that the start had toesed wing. t t start had tossed wine, out forth bubbling tears ad aming blood, and on the gb side of the road there yas serpent, and the man aid the bad angel, "What a tt scrpent?" and the answevas, "That is the scrpent of signing remorse." On the eff the of the road there was all and the man acked the

all; and the man asked the adject, "What is that lion?" and he answer was, "That is the lion of allecouring despair." A vulture flew thresh the sky, and the man asked the bad ngel, "What is that vulture?" and the nswer was, "That is the vulture waig for the carcases of the slain." wai g for the carcases of the slain." Anchen the man began to try to pull off of 1 the folds of something that had worl him round and round, and he said to t bad angel, "What is it that twists me 1 this awful convolution?" and the ans r was, "That is the worm that never diet and then the man said to the bad ang "What does all this mean? I trusted in that you said at the corner of the streethat night; I trusted it all, and why had you thus deceived me?" Then the last eception fell off the charmer, and it said "I was sent forth from the pit to despy your soul; I watched my chance for any a long year; when you hesitated than fight on the street I gained my triph; now you are here. Ha! ha! Youre here. Come, now, let us fill these twe chalices of fire and drink together to rkness and woe and death. Hail hai O young man, will the good angel sen orth by Christ, or the bad angel sent for by sin, get the victory over your sout Their wings are interlocked this moent above you, contending for your desity, as above the Apennines eagle and cof r fight mid-sky. This hour may decid your destiny. God help you! To her the interled the side of the street is to die!

Soul-Saving at the Camps.

Religious Work Among the Departing Troops—Farewell Scenes—A War Testament for Our Soldier-Boys—Activity of the Christian Commission.



OSPEL work among the soldiers at various mil-itary posts throughout the country has continued during the past week, and the evangelists and preachers associated with the Chris-

sociated with the Christian Commission are holding daily services to crowded audiences. In this way, the Gospel is being preached to thousands of our brave volunteers and regulars, on the eve of their departure for foreign shores

eve of their departure for foreign shores. The workers at Tampa were exceedingly active on the days preceding the sailing of our thirty transports with General Shafter's 27,000 troops on the Santiago expedition. To many of these brave fellows, it was the last opportunity they may ever have for hearing the Word; to all it will be a consolation that, with the latest good-byes before sailing, were mingled the earnest prayers and kindly admonitions of the zealous workers of the Commission. the Commission.

Application has been made by the Commission to send its workers to Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines along with the armies, and arrangements will soon be completed to send nearest workers to these points at an early date. Mr. Moody, who is at the head of this noble

Rev. Cortland Jones and a number of other preachers will shortly go to the camps to assist in the work.

In a letter from Rev. John G. Anderson, pastor Presbyterian Church, Tampa. Fla., to Mr. Moody, the former says:

We carry on nightly service at four different places. At some of the camps the attendance will go at times as high as 3,000. I heard a soldier only a few nights since in one of our Christian Endeavor meetings stand up and earnestly testify to the saving power of the Gospel. "I thank God," he said, "that I ever came to Florida. It is here during the meetings that have been held that I became a Christian; and now if I die in Cuba it is all right. And if I go back home again it will be to tell all at home that I am a child of God."

The little song books are doing good service. After I had concluded my service one night in the camps it was a pleasant sight to see a great knot of the men still standing around the big lamp hanging from a limb of a tree, and singing over and over the songs and making the camp ring with them. One of them talking to another, said, "I have become a Christian." His friend asked him how it happened. He replied: "It was the singing of these hymns. The boys got hold of some hymn books, and they kept singing these songs till they sung me to Christ; and now sir, it is true, I am a Christian, and was won by a song." Mr. Sankey and Mr. Burke have done much good by their singing.

A minister was speaking to a soldier on the street car about the effects of the services and

left New York April 22, and religion is sadly neglected. We have not had service of any kind since we came on board, and it is doubtful if there is a Bible on the ship. If the men had them, they would surely read them at present, for we simply do not know what to do with ourselves.

Mr. W. E. Lougee. Secretary, Business Department, Y. M. C. A., in charge of arrangements for Gospel work in the camps, writes to the proprietor of this journal:

Enclosed find our Treasurer's receipt for \$1,000, kindly sent Mr. Moody by you for our work in the Army. It was forwarded to me by Mr. Moody. He also enclosed to me your letter of June 4th. I note with a great deal of interest the order for War Testaments, which you have issued. I hope you will send me a copy as soon as one is out. I agree with you that there is nothing like putting the Word of God in the hands of the people, and that is what we are doing. I have sent within the past week 10,000 Testaments from the American Bible Society to Tampa, and that is only a part of the number which have been sent.

You will be interested to know that we have just made arrangements to send our first man to Manila, who goes with Gen. Merritt, from San Francisco, taking with him a large tent and full equipment for a good work. We hope to be able to report the same thing for Cuba in the near future.

for Cuba in the near future.

We believe that there has never been a grander opportunity for Christian work than this which is now opened to God's people in connection with the present war. All contributions for the preaching of the Gospel to the army should be addressed "Army Gospel Fund," and readers who specifically wish to have us send "War Testaments" to the soldiers in their behalf, should mark their contributions "War Testament

their behalf, should mark their contributions "War Testament Fund." All will be acknowledged in The Christian Herald, and any special inquiries by churches and societies will be answered by letter. At the suggestion of many friends, The Christian Herald, has undertilen to write. ALD has undertaken to print and distribute among the troops, "A Soldier's War Testament." The New Testament is printed in clear type, onecolumn to the page, and is substantially bound. It is just substantially bound. It is just suited to fit snugly into the soldier's pouch or pocket, being about the size that would go into an ordinary vest-pocket. In addition to the New Testament, there are bound into the little volume some twenty of the best Gospel hymns, specially selected by Mr. Sankey for this purpose—hymns of encouragement and inspiration, the singing of which will help the soldiers to face their duties with braver hearts and higher hopes. Many an evening at camp will be an evening at camp will be enlivened by these Gospel hymns, as our "Boys in Blue" sit together in groups, in the foreign land where they are

likely to be sojourners for many months.
We invite our readers to co-operate with us in this work of supplying and distributing the "Soldier's War Testament," and all moneys forwarded to us for this and all moneys forwarded to us for this purpose will be applied to the printing and circulating of the Gospel among the soldiers. It would be a blessed work, indeed, if every soldier, before leaving American soil, could be supplied with one of these precious "War Testaments." as a reminder of the lively interest the American people feel in his spiritual welfare.

The following have been received for the Army Gospel Fund.





THE LONELY SENTRY, STH INFANTRY CAMP, TAMPA, FLA.

movement, is profoundly impressed with its importance, which can be readily understood even by the casual reader, when it is remembered that our country has at present, nearly a quarter of a million men in the field. Mr. Moody says: "Probably a large number of these

says: "Probably a large number of these young men will not return to their homes, and this is the one opportunity to lead them to accept Christ as their Saviour."

Gen. O. O. Howard, another member of the Commission, has been holding services at Tampa, Mobile, and Chickamauga, Camp Alger, and Jacksonville, and nearly all the State camps, and Major D. W. Whittle, the evangelist, who was on Gen. Howard's staff during our civil war, has held meetings at Chickamauga. Rev. Gen. Howard's staff during our civil war, has held meetings at Chickamauga. Rev. A. C. Dixon, D. D., of Brooklyn, spent three weeks at Tampa, and the soldiers in large numbers came to hear him. Mr. Ira D. Sankey conducted daily meetings at Tampa. Mr. D. L. Moody will send other good men as the movement calls for them, and will also engage in it himself. Army chaplains have the use of the tents and the secretaries co-operate with them in their work. with them in their work.

Rev. H. M. Wharton. of Baltimore, has

Rev. H. M. Wharton, of Batthhole, has been added to the corps of evangelists at Chickamauga and is now laboring among the soldiers there. Rev. R. A. Torrey, of the Moody Institute, Chicago, goes to Tampa this week to aid in the work. It is understood that Rev. R. S. MacArthur,

work being done in the camps, when one sitting near by reached out his hand and taking hold of the minister's, regardless of surroundings, said with great earnestness, "I wish you would pray for me."

A hundred soldiers arose for prayer one night lately. It was a sight I had never witnessed before in my ministry. Dr. Dixon said he had never preached before to such responsive and appreciative audiences, and I must give similar testimony. I have never seen fields whiter to the harvest.

Their eagerness to obtain a Testament is most refreshing. I believe that if the Christian people of the United States could only see what good is being done they would respond quickly to the call of this opportunity. The King's business requires haste. I know it is impossible to prosecute this work without money; but if the churches take the matter up earnestly, all the money needed could be obtained. May God help us, and make us to use and improve our opportunity.

To this Mir. Moody adds: "I am sure such a testimony as this ought to encourage us to keep right at this work, not only in Tampa, but in all the other great camps throughout the country. Arrangements are also being made to begin work in the in Tampa, but in all the other great camps throughout the country. Arrangements are also being made to begin work in the navy. Let us pray God to continue to pour out his blessing upon these men."

One of the special needs of both army and navy is Bibles and Testaments. We quote from a letter from one of the members of the Y. M. C. A., Twenty-third Street, New York, Branch:

U. S. S. Panther, KEY WEST.

U. S. S. Panther, KEY WEST. We have 800 men on board our ship, which